Q: Cement used for railway sleepers is designated as

v.everexai

A: 40-S

B: 53-S

C:46-S

D: 48-S

Q: For testing compressive strength of hydraulic cement other than masonry cement as per IS 4031 - Part 6, the size of cube used is

A: 150 mm

B: 100 mm

C: 70.6 mm

D:50 mm

Q: A queen closer is

A: Full brick

B: Longitudinally 1/2 brick

**C**: 3/4 brick

D: 1/2 brick

Q: The artificial seasoning method that causes timber to become brittle and easy to break is

A: Boiling

**B**: Chemical seasoning

**C**: Electrical seasoning

D: Kiln seasoning

Q: Inadequate compaction during concrete casting results

in

A: Honey combing

**B**: Bleeding

C: Segregation

D: Bleeding and segregation

Q: A sudden change is the flow velocity or pressure created in water pipe line due to sudden closure of value is called

A: Boiling

B: Implosion

**C**: Vibration

D: Water hammer

Q: The minimum diameter for public sewer is hilly areas where steep slopes are prevalent is

A:300

B:150

C:100

D:50

Q: Treatment required for raw water containing only carbon dioxide and odorous gases is

A: Plain sedimentation stop the flow to building

**B**: Chlorination only

C : Aeration followed by disinfection

D: Softening and chlorination

Q: In connection line from water main to building, gooseneck is provided to

A: quickly open or stop the flow to building

B: avoid stresses and strains on the joint due to

## temperature variations and vibrations

- C: detect leakages in pipe line
- D: to provide additional considerations in future

Q: The sluice valves used for dewatering the pipe line are called

- A: Scour valve
- **B**: Safety valve
- C: Sectionalizing valve
- D: Discharge control valve

Q: The collapsible soil is associated with

- A: Dune sands
- **B**: Laterite
- C: soils
- D: Loess

Q: Disposal of refuse by Bangalore method involves

- A: Aerobic method of composting
- **B**: Anaerobic method of composting
- C: Pulverization
- D: Pyrolysis

Q : Degree of saturation (s) of a soil mass is expressed in terms of volume of water  $(V_w)$  and volume of voids  $(V_v)$  as

$$\mathsf{A}$$
 :  $S = rac{(V_v V_w)}{100}$ 

$$extsf{B}$$
 :  $S=100\left(rac{V_w}{V_v}
ight)$ 

$$\mathsf{c}$$
 :  $S=100\left(rac{V_v}{V_w}
ight)$ 

$$extsf{D}$$
 :  $S=100(\stackrel{.}{V_v}-\stackrel{.}{V_w})$ 

Q: If two soils S1 and S2 tested in the laboratory are having liquid limits 38% and 60% and plastic limits 18% and 20% respectively. If natural moisture content for S1 and S2 is 40% and 50% respectively, which soil is a better foundation material when remoulded.

A: S1

**B:S2** 

C: S1 and S2

D: Neither S1 nor S2

Q: The latitude and departure of a line AB are + 78 m and - 45.1 m respectively. The whole circle bearing of the line AB is

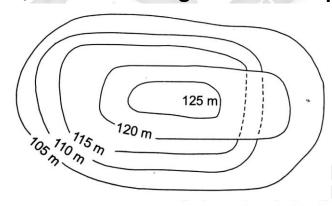
A:30°

B: 150°

C: 210°

D:330°

Q: The contours given below represent



A: Depression

**B**: Summit

C: Saddle

D: Over hanging cliff

Q: Remote sensing work where system has no energy source of its own but depends on external source of energy is called

A: Active remote sensing

**B**: Passive remote sensing

C: SLAR

D: LIDAR

Q: Widening at curves provided to compensate the extra width occupied by a vehicle on the curve due to tracking of the rear wheels is called

A: Mechanical widening

**B**: Psychological widening

C: Super widening

D: Extra widening

Q: Value of camber provided for straight sections of roads in areas of high intensity of rainfall is \_\_\_\_\_ than/to that provided for the areas of low intensity of rainfall.

A: Steeper

B: Midler

C: Equal

D: None of the given answers

Q: As per IRC code for flexible pavements, designed life for National Highways and State Highways should be

A: 20 years

**B**: 15 years

C: 10-15 years

D: < 10 years

Q: Map cracking is the common type of failure in

A: Rigid pavements

**B**: Cement concrete pavements

C: Gravel roads

D: Bituminous surfacing

Q: For no tension to develop in the gravity dam the resultant of all the external forces should always lie

A: At the center of the base

B: Within the middle third portion of the base

C: Within the d/s third portion

D: With the u/s third portion

Q: Blue baby disease may be caused in infants due to drinking water containing higher concentrations of

A: Nitrites B: Nitrates

C: Lead D: Arsenic

Q: Sedimentation is the process related to

A: Floating material in rivers

**B**: Bed material carried by flowing water

C: Cutting land for channeling

D: Seepage into Embankments

Q: The ratio of rate of change of discharge of a canal outlet to the rate of the change of the discharge of the distributing channel is known as

A: Proportionality B: Flexible

C : Sensitivity D : Drowning ratio