# 1. Which of the following method of applying water may be used on rolling land?

- a. Boarder flooding
- b. Check flooding
- c. Furrow flooding
- d. Free flooding

### **02.** Cyclonic precipitation is caused by lifting or an air mass due to

- a. Pressure difference
- b. Temperature difference
- c. Natural topographical barriers
- d. None of the above

#### **03.** Which of the following is a non-recording raingauge?

- a. Tipping bucket type raingauge
- b. Simon's raingauge
- c. Steven's weighing type raingauge
- d. Floating type raingauge
- 04. If allowable percentage error in the estimate of base rainfall is E and coefficient of variation of rainfall is C then the optimum number of raingauges is given by

a. 
$$\frac{C_V}{E}$$

**b.** 
$$\sqrt{\frac{C_V}{E}}$$

c. 
$$\left(\frac{C_V}{E}\right)^2$$

d. 
$$\left(\frac{C_V}{E}\right)^{3/2}$$

# 05. Which of the following types of raingauges is used for measuring rain in remote hilly inaccessible areas?

- a. Tipping bucket type
- b. Weighing type
- c. Floating type
- d. Simos's raingauge

### 06. A 70% index of wetness means

- a. Rain excess of 30%
- b. Rain deficiency of 30%
- c. Rain deficiency of 70%
- d. None of the above
- 07. The normal annual precipitation at stations X, A, B and C are 700 mm, 1000 mm, 900 mm, and 800 mm respectively if the storm precipitation at three station A, B and C were 100 mm, 90 mm and 80 mm respectively, then the storm precipitation for station X will be
- a. 70 mm
- b. 80 mm
- b. 90 mm
- c. 105 mm
- **08.** According to dicken's formula for estimating floods, the peak discharge is proportional to
- a. A
- b. A<sup>1/2</sup>
- c. A<sup>2/3</sup>
- d.  $A^{3/4}$

#### 09. An artesian aquifer is the one where

- a. Water surface under the ground is at atmospheric pressure
- b. Water is under pressure between two impervious strata
- c. Water table serves as upper surface of zone of saturation
- d. None of the above

## 10. Trap efficiency of a reservoir is a function of

- a. Capacity/inflow ratio
- b. Capacity/outflow ratio
- c. Outflow/inflow ratio
- d. None of the above

- 11. Neglecting uplift pressure, the base width of an elementary of a gravity dam shall be taken as
- a.  $\frac{H}{\sqrt{G}}$
- $0. \frac{H}{\mu G}$
- c.  $lesser\ of \frac{H}{G} and \frac{H}{\mu G}$
- d.  $greater\ of \frac{H}{\sqrt{G}} and \ \frac{H}{\mu G}$

Where H is depth of water, G is specific gravity of material and  $\mu$  Is coefficient of friction.

#### 12. In a chute spillway, the flow is usually

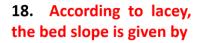
- a. Uniform
- b. Subcritical
- c. Critical
- d. Super critical
- 13. If there are two canals taking off from each flank of a river, then there will be
- a. One divide wall and one undersluice
- b. One divide wall and two undersluices
- c. Two divide walls and one undersluice
- d. Two divide walls and two undersluices
- 14. If h is the ordinate of hydraulic gradient line above the top of the floor and G is specific gravity of floor material, then the thickness of floor is given by the formula
- 15. If the critical shear stress of a channel is t<sub>c</sub> then the average value of shear stress required to move the grain on the bank is
- a. 0.5 t<sub>c</sub>
- b. 0.75 t<sub>c</sub>
- c. t<sub>c</sub>
- d. 1.33 t<sub>c</sub>

#### 16. Garret's diagrams are based on

- a. Kennedy's theory
- b. Lacey's theory
- c. Khosla's theory
- d. bligh's theory



- a. A semi-circular channel
- b. A trapezoidal channel with side slope ½ H: 1V
- c. A trapezoidal channel with side slope 1H: ½ V
- d. Semi-elliptical channel



a. 
$$\frac{f^{4/3}}{3340Q^{1/2}}$$

b. 
$$\frac{f^{2/3}}{3340Q^{1/4}}$$

c. 
$$\frac{f^{5/3}}{3340Q^{1/6}}$$
 d.  $\frac{f^{1/3}}{3340Q^{5/3}}$ 

d. 
$$\frac{f^{1/3}}{3340O^{5/3}}$$

Where f is silt factor and Q is discharge in cumecs.

19. As per lacey's regime theory, the flow velocity is proportional to

a. 
$$\left(Qf^2\right)^{1/3}$$

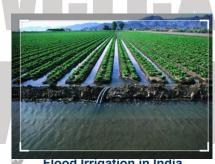
b. 
$$\left(Qf^2\right)^{1/6}$$

c. 
$$\frac{Q}{f^2}$$

d. 
$$\left(\frac{Q}{t^2}\right)^{1/6}$$

20. Lining of irrigation channels

- a. Increase the waterlogging
- b. Decreases the waterlogging
- c. Does not change the water logging area



Flood Irrigation in India





