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HIGHWAY ENGINEERING GEOMETRIC DESIGN

Q : 1) For night travel, the length of a valley curve should be such that, the head-light beam distance is the same as
A : Stopping sight distance
B : Overtaking sight distance
C : Sum of (a) and (b)
D : Difference of (a) and (b)

Q:2) On a circular curve, the rate of super elevation is ' $e$ ' while negotiating the curve, vehicle comes to a stop. It was observed that the stopped-vehicle is sliding inwards in radial direction. If the coefficient of friction is ' $f$ ' which of the following is true?
A: e>f
B: e<f
C: e<2f
D : None of these is correct

HIGHWAY ENGINEERING GEOMETRIC DESIGN

Q:3) If the cross slope of a terrain is 20\%, according to IRC classification, it is
a:
A : Plain terrain
B : Rolling terrain
C : Mountainous terrain
D : Steep terrain

HIGHWAY ENGINEERING GEOMETRIC DESIGN

Q: 4) According to Indian Road congress, the width of carriageway is
(i) 3.75 m for single lane
(ii) 7.0 m for two lanes without raised kerbs
(iii) 7.5 m for two lanes with raised kerbs

Which of these statement(s) is/are true?
A: (i) and (ii)
B : (ii) and (iii)
C: (i) and (iii)
D : (i), (ii) and (iii)

Q : 5) A line, on either side of the road between which an the road, no building activity is permitted at all, is called as
A : Carriage way
B : Control line
C : Building line
D : Road way

Q:6) What is the value of camber that should be provided in case of WBM pavement surface in an area of heavy rainfall?

A : 1 in 30
B : 1 in 48
C : 1 in 60
D: 1 in 72

Q: 7) Which one of the following in not a type of transition curve used?
A : Clothoid
B : Parabolic
C : Lemniscates
D : Cubic parabola

Q:8) The instrument used to measure Roughness index is
A : Profilometer
B : Deflectometer
C : Brinellnometer
D : Bump integrator

Q : 9) If sight distance $S$ is equal to the length $2 l$ of the vertical curve joining the two grade $\mathrm{g}_{1} \%$ and $\mathrm{g}_{2} \%$ the height of apex will be:
A : $\frac{\left(g_{1}-g_{2}\right) l}{200}$
B : $\frac{\left(g_{1}-g_{2}\right) l}{400}$
C : $\frac{\left(g_{1}-g_{2}\right) l}{800}$
$\mathrm{D}: \frac{\left(g_{1}-g_{2}\right) l}{2 S}$

Q : 10) Design speed of National Highway and state highway roads for plain terrain is ...... For rural highways.
A : 40 to 50 kmph
B : $\mathbf{8 0}$ to $\mathbf{1 0 0} \mathbf{~ k m p h}$
C : 30 to 65 kmph
D : 65 to 85 kmph

Q : 11) What is the limiting gradient recommended by Indian roads congress for roads in plain terrain?
A : 5.0\%
B : 4.0\%
C : 6.0\%
D: 4.5\%

HIGHWAY ENGINEERING GEOMETRIC DESIGN
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Q: 12) Lag distance is the distance travelled
A : During application of brakes
B : During PIEV time
C : During overtaking
D : During night

HIGHWAY ENGINEERING GEOMETRIC DESIGN

Q : 13) The side drains are provided on both the sides of the roadway, when the road is

A : Along salient curve
B : In cutting
C : Along re-entrant curve
D : All of these

Q : 14) Grade compensation is not necessary for gradients less than
A : 1\%
B : 2\%
C: 3\%
D: 4\%

Q:15) The shoulder provided along the road edge should be
A : Rougher than the traffic lanes
B : Smoother than the traffic lanes
C : Of same colour as that of the pavement
D : Of very low load bearing capacity

Q : 16) The maximum rate pf change of radial acceleration allowed on transition curves is:

A : $100 \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{sec}^{3}$
B : $300 \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{sec}^{3}$
C : $400 \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{sec}^{3}$
D : 500mm/sec ${ }^{3}$

Q : 17) While designing a highway, identify the factor which is not taken into account for the computation of breaking distance?
A : Reaction time of driver
B : Gradient
C : Co-efficient of friction
D : Speed

Q:18) The rate of equilibrium superelevation on a road is

1. Directly proportional to the square of vehicle velocity
2. Inversely proportional to the radius of the horizontal curve
3. Directly proportional to the square of the radius of the horizontal curve
Which of the above statements are correct?
A : 1 and 2 only
B : 1 and 3 only
C : 2 and 3 only
D: 1, 2 and 3

Q : 19) A barrel camber consists of
A : Two straight slopes joining at the centre

B : Two straight slopes with a parabolic crown in the centre
C : A continuous curve either parabolic or elliptical
D : None of the above

Q:20) In urban areas, when the volume of cycle traffic is high, minimum width provided for the cycle track is:
A: 3.5 m
B : 3.0 m
C : 2.0 m
D : 1.5 m

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