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- Q:1) Efflorescence test is conducted for burnt clay bricks to find out the
- A : Presence of alkaline substance
- **B**: Hardness
- **C : Soundness**
- **D** : Presence of cracks or holes



Daily Class – 8:00 PM

Q:2) Which component has highest percentage in good brick earth

- A : Alumina
- B:Lime
- C : Silica
- D : Oxide of iron



Daily Class – 8:00 PM

Q:3) Which one of the correct sequence of various operations of preparation of brick earth

- I. Blending
- II. Digging
- **III. Weathering**
- IV. Unsoiling
- V. Tempering
- A : IV, II, III, V, I
- B : IV, II, III, I, V
- C : II, IV, V, III, I
- D : II, III, IV, V, I



For Any Query Call – 8595517959 | Website – everexam.org Daily Class - 8:00 PM Q:4) Jhama bricks are A : Well burnt having smooth and even surface **B** : Slightly over burnt having rough surface **C** : Under burnt and can be easily broken **D**: Over burnt with irregular shape



- Q:5) Efflorescence in the bricks is caused due to
- A : Alkalies
- **B**: Organic matter
- C: Iron
- D : Lime



- Q:6) Frog is defined as a
- A : Depression on the top face of brick
- **B** : Top most course of plinth
- C : Brick whose one end is cut splayed or mitered for the full width
- D : Brick used for the corner of a wall



Daily Class – 8:00 PM

Q:7) The range of alumina present in good brick earth by weight is

- A:5 to 10%
- B: 20 to 30%
- C:40 to 46%
- D:50 to 70%



Daily Class – 8:00 PM

Q:8) The different efflorescence deposits are sulphates of-

- A : Calcium
- **B**: Sodium
- C: Iron
- D: Both (a) and (b)



Daily Class – 8:00 PM

Q : 9) Which one of the following ingredients of the brick earth enables the brick to retain its shape

- A : Alumina
- **B** : Silica
- C: Iron
- D : Magnesia



- Q:10) Refractory bricks resists
- A : High temperature
- **B** : Chemical reaction
- **C** : Dampness
- **D** : None of these



- Q:11) Lime is mixed with brick earth to:
- A : Impart plasticity
- **B** : Increase durability
- **C** : Prevent shrinkage
- **D** : Increase permeability



Daily Class – 8:00 PM

Q:12) The tolerance in the width of mould of mould of a class brick is about-

- A : ± 3 mm
- B: ± 6 mm
- C : ± 10 mm
- D : <u>+</u> 12 mm



For Any Query Call – 8595517959 | Website – everexam.org Daily Class - 8:00 PM Q:13) The compressive strength of heavy duty bricks should be more than- $A: 40 \text{ N/mm}^2$  $B: 20 \text{ N/mm}^2$  $C: 5 N/mm^2$  $D: 3.5 \text{ N/mm}^2$ 



Daily Class – 8:00 PM

Q:14) Consider the following stages in the manufacturing of bricks

- 1. Weathering
- 2. Moulding
- 3. Tempering

The correct sequence of these stages in the manufacturing of bricks

- A:1,3,2
- B:1,2,3
- C:2,3,1
- D:3,2,1



Daily Class – 8:00 PM

Q:15) Which of the following steps in the manufacturing bricks is carried out in pug mill?

- A : Digging
- **B** : Cleaning
- **C**: Weathering
- **D**: Tempering



Daily Class – 8:00 PM

Q : 16) Charpy's V notch test is done on a building material to determine:

- **A : Brittleness**
- **B** : Abrasion
- C: Hardness
- **D**:Elasticity



Daily Class – 8:00 PM

Q:17) A good brick earth should contain iron oxide in the range of:

- A:5-7%
- **B : 12 15%**
- **C : 15 20%**
- **D** : 20 25%



- Q : 18) The main function of alumina in brick earth is to
- A : Impart plasticity
- **B** : Increase durability
- **C** : Prevent shrinkage
- **D** : Increase impermeability



- Q : 19) The bricks after moulding should be dried in:
- A : Open air
- B: Sun for 3 to 8 days
- C: Air for 3 to 8 days but not in sun
- **D** : Hot air for 3 days



For Any Query Call – 8595517959 | Website – everexam.org Daily Class - 8:00 PM Q:20) The compressive strength of perforated bricks should not be less than: A:  $4 \text{ MN/m}^2$  $B:5 MN/m^2$  $C: 6MN/m^2$  $D:7 MN/m^2$ 



Daily Class – 8:00 PM

Q : 21) Statement (I): Mud bricks can be completely replaced by Fly ash lime-gypsum (Fal-G) bricks in building.

Statement (II): Useful fertile soil is used in manufacturing of mud bricks, causing high CO<sup>2</sup> release in the atmosphere.

A : Both statements – I and statements-II are individually true and statement-II is the correct explanation of statement-I

B : Both statements-I and statement-II are individually true and statement-II is the NOT correct explanation of statement-I

**C : Statement-I is true but statement-I** 

D : Statement-I is false but statement-II is true.



Daily Class – 8:00 PM

- Q:22) Consider the following statements:
- 1. IS 3583 refers to burnt clay paving bricks
- 2. IS 5779 refers to burnt clay soling bricks
- 3. IS 3952 refers to burnt clay hollow bricks
- 4. IS 2222 refers to burnt clay bricks

Which of the above statements are correct?

- A: 1, 2 and 3 only
- B: 1, 2 and 4 only
- C: 3 and 4 only
- D:1,2,3 and 4



Daily Class – 8:00 PM

Q : 23) When the deposit of efflorescence is more than 10% but less than 50% of the exposed area of the brick, the presence of efflorescence is:

- A : Moderate
- **B** : Slight
- C: Heavy
- **D**: Serious



Daily Class – 8:00 PM

Q:24) In sand moulding, the top flash is known as:

- A : Cope
- **B**: Drag
- C : Fillet
- **D**: Cheek



Daily Class – 8:00 PM

Q : 25) The bureau of Indian standards (BIS) has classified the common burnt clay bricks on the basis of

- A : Compressive strength
- **B** : Size of the brick
- **C** : Water absorption capacity
- **D** : Efflorescence on brick



- Q:26) A bull nose brick is not used for:
- A : Rounding off sharp
- **B** : Pillars
- **C** : Decoration purpose
- **D** : Arches



Daily Class – 8:00 PM

Q : 27) The brick piece obtained by cutting a triangular portion of the brick such that half a headers and half a stretcher are obtained on adjoining cut faces is called as:

A : Queen closer

- **B**: Mitred closer
- **C** : King closer
- **D** : Three-quarter bat



- Q:28) The bricks which are extensively used for basic refractories in furnaces are
- A : Chrome bricks
- **B** : Sillimanite bricks
- **C : Magnesite bricks**
- **D** : Forsterite bricks



- Q : 29) The position of brick cut to form angles other than right angles in plan, is known as
- A: Queen closer
- **B**: King closer
- C: Closer
- D : Squinty closer



Daily Class – 8:00 PM

Q:30) The brick in which corner is cut so as to get header and half stretcher is called:

- A : King closer
- **B**: Queen closer
- C : Half bat
- **D** : 3/4<sup>th</sup> bat



Daily Class – 8:00 PM

Q : 31) The shape of the brick gets deformed due to rain water falling on hot brick. This defect is known as:

- A : Bloating
- **B**: Chuff
- **C** : Lamination
- **D** : Nodule



- Q : 32) When a brick is cut into two halves along its length, one Portion of it is known as:
- A : Mitred closer
- **B**: Queen closer
- **C**: King closer
- **D** : Cornica brick



Daily Class – 8:00 PM

Q:33) The modulus of rupture of a good brick should be about (in N/mm<sup>2</sup>)

A:2.5

**B:5.0** 

**C:8.0** 

D:10.0



- Q:34) Efflorescence of bricks is due to
- A : Soluble salts present in clay for making bricks
- **B** : High porosity of bricks
- **C** : High silt content in brick earth
- **D** : Excessive burning of bricks



Daily Class – 8:00 PM

Q:35) Th Indian standard code that is used for checking the compressive strength test of lime is:

A : IS 10262 : 2000

B: IS 2907: 1998

C: IS 6923 : 1973

D : IS 456 : 2000



- Q:36) Hydraulic lime is obtained by:
- A : Burning of limestone
- **B** : Calcination of pure clay
- **C** : Burning of kankar
- **D** : Adding water to quick lime
- **E** : None of the above options



Daily Class – 8:00 PM

Q:37) For construction of structure under water, the lime used is-

- A : Pure lime
- **B** : Quick lime
- C : Fat lime
- **D** : Hydraulic lime



- Q:38) The commonly used lime in white washing is:
- A : Hydraulic lime
- **B** : Fat lime
- C: Plain lime
- **D** : None of these



- Q:39) When fat lime is slaked, its volume-
- A : Decreases to 50%
- **B** : Remains same
- C: Increases by 2 to 2.5 times
- D : Increases by 4 times after slaking



- Q:40) Surkhi is added to lime mortar to
- A : Prevent shrinkage
- **B** : Decrease setting time
- **C : Increase bulk**
- D : Impart hydraulicity



## MISSION UPSSSC JE BUILDING MATERIALS

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- Q:41) Consider the following statements above lime
- (1) Calcination of limestone results in quick lime.
- (2) Lime produced from pure variety of chalk is hydraulic lime
- (3) Hydrated lime is obtained by treating quick lime with water.
- Which of the above statements are correct?
- A:1,2 and 3
- B:1 and 2 only
- C: 2 and 3 only
- D:1 and 3 only



Daily Class – 8:00 PM

Q:42) Which one of the following limes will be used for finishing coat in plastering and white washing?

- A : Semi hydraulic lime
- **B** : Kankar lime
- **C : Magnesium/Dolomitic lime**
- **D** : Eminently hydraulic lime



- Q:43) The lime which sets on absorbing CO<sub>2</sub> from atmosphere is
- A : Lean lime
- **B** : Feebly hydraulic lime
- C: Rich lime
- D : Fat lime



Daily Class – 8:00 PM

## Q:44) As per IS 712 lime is classified into how much categories?

- A:4
- **B:6**
- **C**:9
- **D:3**



Daily Class – 8:00 PM

Q:45) The initial setting time for class 'A' lime is minimum:

- A:15 minutes
- **B:30** minutes
- C: 120 minutes
- D:600 minutes



- Q:46) Karstification is observed in:
- A : Mudstone area
- **B** : Limestone terrains
- **C : Sandstone terrains**
- **D** : Gneissic terrains



Daily Class – 8:00 PM

Q:47) According to Indian standards, which of the following classes of limes can primarily be used for structural purposes?

- A : Class C (Fat lime)
- **B**: Class D (Dolomitic lime)
- C: Class B (Semi-hydraulic lime)
- D: Class A (Eminently hydraulic lime)

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