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Daily Class – 8:00 PM

Q:1) Rivets under combined stresses must be subjected to a limit as Where, τ_v and σ_t = The actual shear and tensile stresses in the rivets, respectively.

 τ_{vf} and σ_{tf} = Allowable shear and tensile stresses in the rivets, respectively.

$$A: \frac{\tau_{v}}{\tau_{vf}} + \frac{\sigma_{t}}{\sigma_{tf}} \leq 2.0 \qquad B: \frac{\tau_{v}}{\tau_{vf}} + \frac{\sigma_{t}}{\sigma_{tf}} \leq 1.5$$

$$C: \frac{\tau_{v}}{\tau_{vf}} + \frac{\sigma_{t}}{\sigma_{tf}} \leq 1.0 \qquad D: \frac{\tau_{v}}{\tau_{vf}} + \frac{\sigma_{t}}{\sigma_{tf}} \leq 1.4$$



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Q: 2) Excavation was being carried out for a foundation on plastic caly with a unit weight of 22.5 kN/m³. Failure occurred when a depth of 8.10 m was reached. What is the value of cohesion if $\phi = 0^{\circ}$?

A: 11.4 Kn/m² B: 22.8 kN/m²

C: 45.6 kN/m² D: None of these



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Q: 3) Match List-I and List-II and select correct answer using the codes given below the list.

List-I	List-II
i. Dead load	1. IS: 875-2015 (Part – 4)
ii. Imposed load	2. IS: 875 – 2015 (Part – 3)
iii. Wind load	3. IS: 875 - 2015 (Part - 2)
iv. Snow load	4. IS: 875 – 2015 (Part – 1)

Codes:

A: 4, 3, 2, 1

B: 4, 3, 1, 2

C: 3, 4, 2, 1

D: 3, 4, 1, 2



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Q: 4) The poison's ratio for soil sample 1 and 2 are μ_1 and μ_2 respectively. If $\frac{\mu_1}{\mu_2} = 1.5$ and $\frac{1-\mu_1}{1-\mu_2} = 0.875$, then ratio of coeff. Of earth pressure at rest for soil sample 1(K₁) to coeff. Of earth pressure at rest for soil sample 2 (K₂), $\frac{K_1}{K_2}$

will be

A: 1.3125

B: 1.7143

C: 1.9687

D: 1.8213



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- Q:5) In the design of steel structure, for the purpose of designing any member, the load generated due to secondary effects include
- 1. Due to contraction or expansion from the temperature
- 2. Due to differential settlement of structure
- 3. Due to accidental loads
- 4. Due to eccentric connections
- A: Only 1 and 3 B: Only 1, 2 and 3
- C: Only 1, 2 and 4 D: 1, 2, 3 and 4



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Q: 6) For sand of uniform spherical particles, the void ratio in the loosest and densest state, are respectively

A: 0.91, 0.35

B: 0.35, 0.91

C: 0.65, 0.09

D: 0.09, 0.65



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Q:7) Prying forces are

A: Forces due to the friction between connected parts

B: Bending forces on the bolts because of the joints

C: Shearing forces on the bolts because of joints

D: Tensile forces due to the flexibility of connected parts



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Q: 8) The constant of proportionality between seepage velocity and hydraulic gradient is called

A: Seepage coefficient

B: Coefficient of transmissibility

C: Coefficient of percolation

D: Modified coefficient of permeability



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Q: 9) In a steel plate with bolted connection the rupture of the net section is a mode of failure under

A: Tension

B: Compression

C: Flexure

D: Shear



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Daily Class – 8:00 PM

Q: 10) A 300 mm square bearing plate settles by 21 mm in a plate load test on a cohesive soil, when the intensity of loading is 0.2 N/mm². The settlement of a prototype shallow footing 1 m square (1m × 1m) under the same intensity of loading (considering both plate and footing are placed at same depth) is

A: 15 mm

B: 70 mm

C: 50 mm

D: 167 mm



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Q: 11) The flange splice in plate girders is preferably placed near about

A: Mid span section

B: Quarter span section

C: End section

D: Any section



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Daily Class – 8:00 PM

Q: 12) In a drained triaxial compression test conducted on dry sand, failure occurred when the deviator stress was 218 kN/m2 at a confining pressure of 61 kN/m2. The effective angle of shearing resistance and the inclination of failure plane to major principal plane will be

A: 34°, 62°

B: 34°, 28°

C: 40°, 25°

D: 40°, 65°



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Daily Class – 8:00 PM

Q: 13) A steel section is subjected to a combination of shear and bending actions. The applied shear force is 'V' and shear capacity of the section is ' V_s '. For such sections, high shear force (as per IS: 800-2007) is defined as

A: $V > 0.6 V_s$

B: $V > 0.7 V_s$

C: $V > 0.8 V_s$

D: $V > 0.9 V_s$



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Q: 14) Torsion resisting capacity of a given RC section

A: Decrease with decrease in stirrup spacing

B: Decrease with increasing the number of longitudinal bars

C: Does not depend upon stirrup and longitudinal steel

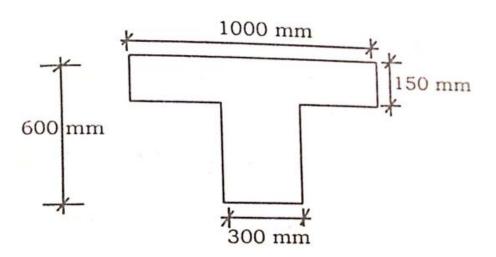
D: Increase with the increase in stirrup and longitudinal steel



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Daily Class – 8:00 PM

Q:14) An isolated T-beam is used as a walkway. The beam is simply supported with an effective span of 6 m. The effective width of the flange for the cross-section shown in figure is



A: 900 mm

C: 1259 mm

B: 1000 mm

D: 2200 mm



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Daily Class – 8:00 PM

Q: 15) As per Rankine analysis, the minimum depth of foundation (D_{min}) will be

Where, q = intensity of loading γ = unit wt. of over-burden ϕ = angle of internal friction of soil

$$A: \frac{q}{\gamma} \left[\frac{1-\sin\phi}{1+\sin\phi} \right]^2$$

$$\mathsf{B} \colon \frac{q}{\gamma} \left[\frac{1 - \sin \phi}{1 + \sin \phi} \right]$$

$$\mathbf{C}: \frac{q}{\gamma} \left[\frac{1+\sin\phi}{1-\sin\phi} \right]$$

$$D: \frac{q}{\gamma} \left[\frac{1 + \sin \phi}{1 - \sin \phi} \right]^2$$



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Daily Class – 8:00 PM

Q:16) Factored shear force of 140 kN is applied on a beam having breadth 250 mm. The beam is also subjected to factored torsional moment of 20 kN-m. The equivalent shear force on the beam is

A: 298 kN

B: 348 kN

C: 268 kN

D: 300 kN



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Daily Class – 8:00 PM

Q: 17) The net ultimate bearing capacity of a purely cohesive soil A: Depends on both, width and depth of

B: Depends on only width of footing

C: Depends on only depth of footing

D: Is independent of both, depth and

width of footing

footing



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Daily Class – 8:00 PM

Q: 18) A reinforced concrete wall carrying vertical loads, is generally designed as per recommendations given for columns. The ratio of minimum reinforcement in the vertical and horizontal direction is

A: 2:1

B: 1:1

C: 5:3

D: 3:5



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Daily Class – 8:00 PM

Q: 19) The test conducted on foundation soil givens SPT value; N \leq 5 and density index, I_D < 20, the foundation will fail in

A: General shear

B: Local shear

C: Punching shear

D: Sinking shear



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Daily Class – 8:00 PM

Q: 20) As per IS: 456-2000, the range of standard concrete is

 $A: M_{25} - M_{55}$

B: $M_{20} - M_{55}$

 $C: M_{25} - M_{50}$

D: None of these



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Daily Class – 8:00 PM

Q: 21) For any applied stress, zone of influence refers to isobar corresponding to

A: 20%

B: 15%

C: 10%

D: 5%



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Daily Class – 8:00 PM

Q:22) The optimum moisture content of a clay soil is 24%, whom compaction test is conducted at 30% moisture content, its structure will be

A: Flocculated

B: Single grained

C: Honey comb

D: Dispersed



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Daily Class – 8:00 PM

Q: 23) In a flow net drown below a sheet pile wall, the number of flow channels and head drops is 4 and 12 respectively. If the difference in the upstream and downstream water level is 3 m, what is the discharge per meter width of a sheet?

A: $1 \text{ m}^3/\text{s/m}$

B: $0.1 \text{ m}^3/\text{s/m}$

 $C: 0.01 \text{ m}^3/\text{s/m}$

 $D: 0.001 \text{ m}^3/\text{s/m}$



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Daily Class – 8:00 PM

Q: 24) In the design of reinforced concrete beam, the requirement for bond is NOT getting satisfied. The economical option to satisfy the requirement for bond is given by

A: Bundling of bars

B: Providing same diameter bars more in number

C: Providing larger diameter bars less in number

D: Providing smaller diameter bars more in number



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Daily Class – 8:00 PM

Q: 25) Shrinkage limit of clay whose void ratio in dry state is 0.55 and Sp. Gravity is 2.75, will be

A: 20%

B: 5%

C: 5.5%

D: 10.0%



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Daily Class – 8:00 PM

Q: 26) The flexural strength of M-30

concrete as per IS: 456-2000 is

A: 3.83 MPa

B: 5.47 MPa

C: 21.23 MPa

D: 30.00 MPa



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Q: 27) The most useful geosynthetic physical property which is closely related to engineering performance is

A: Thickness

B: Mass per unit area

C: Strength

D: Stiffness



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Q: 28) For a singly reinforced balanced section, Mu, lim=Ru, lim. B.d²; for M-20 grade concrete and Fe-415 steel, the value of Ru, lim will be

A: 1.995

B: 2.660

C: 2.761

D: 2.978



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Q: 29) For the clay with an OCR of greater than 4 in a CD test, the A-factor at failure will be

A: Zero

B: Positive (less than 1)

C: Negative

D: Positive (More than 1)



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Q:30) A concrete beam of rectangular cross-section of 200 mm × 400 mm is prestressed with a force pf 400 kN at an eccentricity 100 mm. The maximum co pressive strength in concrete is

A: 2.5 N/mm²

B: 5.0 N/nn²

C: 7.5 N/mm²

D: 12.5 N/mm2



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Q:31) As per IS: 1892 – 1979; what should be the maximum thickness of cutting edge of sampling tube of 70 mm external diameter which is required for sampling in undisturbed stiff clay soil?

A: 2.15 mm

B: 3.05 mm

C: 3.95 mm

D: 6.10 mm



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Daily Class – 8:00 PM

Q: 32) The lateral ties in reinforced concrete rectangular column under axial tension are used to

A: Avoid the buckling of the longitudinal steel under compression

B: Provide adequate shear capacity

C: Provide adequate confinement to concrete

D: Reduce the axial deformation of the column



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Q:33) What is the correct mathematical expression for the assumption 'consolidation is occurring under small changes in effective stress' made in arriving the differential equation for transient flow during one-dimensional consolidation?

A: av = constant

B:
$$\frac{1}{(1+e_0)}$$
dx.dy. Dz = constant

C: γ w = constant

D:
$$h = \frac{u}{\gamma_w}$$



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Daily Class – 8:00 PM

- Q: 34) Fire resistance of RCC member depends upon
- 1. Member size
- 2. Cover of steel reinforcement
- 3. Type of aggregate
- A: Only on 2
- B: Only on 1 and 2
- C: Only on 2 and 3
- D: 1, 2 and 3

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