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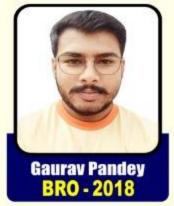
















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Daily Class - 8:00 PM

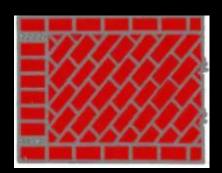
Q:1) A type of bond in the brick masonry in which each course consists of alternates headers and stretchers is

A: English bond

B: Raking bond

C: Dutch bond

D: Flemish bond





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Daily Class - 8:00 PM

Q:2) Quoins in brick masonry are

A: bricks cut a corners in a triangular fashion

B: half-brick with length same but width halved

C: squint junction of walls

D: corner junction of walls



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Daily Class - 8:00 PM

Q:3) If r is rise and g is going of stairs, the empirical formula used to fix rise and going is 2r + g and it should be between

A: 500 mm-600 mm

B: 550 mm-650 mm

C: 600 mm-650 mm

D: 650 mm-700 mm



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Daily Class - 8:00 PM

Q:4) Maximum size of coarse aggregate used as base coarse in ground floor is

A: 12 mm

B: 20 mm

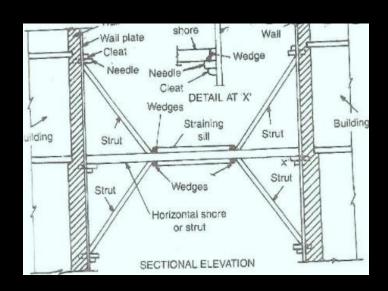
C: 40 mm

D: 50 mm



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Q:5) Flying shores are used to strengthen

A: single wall

B: two adjacent walls

C: tall walls

D: Any of the above



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Daily Class - 8:00 PM

Q:6) When large openings are to be made in existing wall, the type of temporary work used is

A: raking shore

B: flying shore

C: dead shore

D: underpinning



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Daily Class – 8:00 PM

Q:7) Water requirement per day per bed in a hospital is

A: 45 lites

B: 135 litres

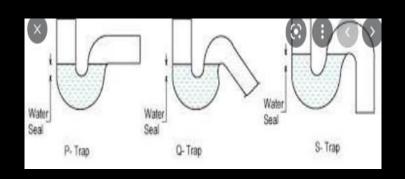
C: 270 litres

D: 340 litres



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Daily Class – 8:00 PM



Q:8) Which of the following is not a type of trap used in plumbing?

A: p-type

B: q-type

C:s-type

D: z-type



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Daily Class - 8:00 PM

Q:9) The cement to dry sand proportion recommended for plastering concrete surface is

A: 1:3

B: 1:6

C: 1:8

D: 1:10



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Daily Class – 8:00 PM

Q:10) Gauged cement mortar consists of

A: cement and sand

B: cement, surkhi and sand

C: cement, lime and sand

D: cement, cinder and sand



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Daily Class – 8:00 PM

Q:11) Impact value of stone for road work specified is

A: wearing coat 30%

B: bituminous macadam 35%

C: water-bound macadam 40%

D: All of the above



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Daily Class – 8:00 PM

Q:12) Which one of the following does not belong to endogenous trees?

A: Teak

B: Coconut

C: Bamboo

D: Cane



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Daily Class - 8:00 PM

Q:13) Alumina in brick earth gives the brick's

A: strength

B: colour

C: plasticity

D: resistance to shrinkage



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Daily Class – 8:00 PM

Q:14) Pallet board is used

A: to make frog in the brick

B: to mount the mould

C: for table moulding of brick

D: None of the above



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Daily Class – 8:00 PM

Q:15) When fat lime is slaked, its volume

A: decreases to 50%

B: remains same

C: increases by 2 to 2.5 times

D: increases by 4 times after slaking



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Daily Class - 8:00 PM

Q:16) The process of adding water to quicklime in order to convert it into hydrated lime is known as

A: quenching

B: hydration

C: calcination

D: slaking



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Daily Class – 8:00 PM

Q:17) Rotary kiln used in manufacturing cement rotates at a speed of

A: 1 r.p.m. - 3 r.p.m.

B: 10 r.p.m. - 12 r.p.m.

C: 18 r.p.m. - 22 r.p.m.

D: more than 25 r.p.m.



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Daily Class - 8:00 PM

Q:18) Fineness modulus is

A: the ratio of fine aggregates to coarse aggregate

B: the ratio of fine aggregates to total aggregate

C: an index which gives the mean size of the aggregates used in a mix

D: None of the above



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Daily Class – 8:00 PM

List-I (Parts	List-II
of exogenous tree)	(Character)
A.Cambium	1.Youngest
layer	layer
B.Pith	2.Innermost
	part
\mathbf{I} $\mathbf{H} \mathbf{O} \mathbf{O} \mathbf{K} \mathbf{T} \mathbf{M} \mathbf{O} \mathbf{O} \mathbf{O}$	3.Thin layer
	of fresh sap
D.Sapwood	4.Portion
	surrounding
	pith

Q:19) Match List-I with List-II and select the correct answer using the codes given below the lists:

Codes:

A: A-1,B-2,C-3,D-4

B: A-3,B-2,C-4,D-1

C: A-4,B-1,C-3,D-2

D: A-1,B-3,C-2,D-4



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Daily Class - 8:00 PM

Q:20) By calcining and smelting iron ores, a crude and impure form of iron obtained is known as

A: cast iron

B: wrought iron

C: steel

D: pig iron



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Daily Class – 8:00 PM

Q:21) The compressive strength of high duty bricks should be more than

 $A: 40 \text{ N/mm}^2$

B: 20 N/mm²

C: 5 N/mm²

 $D: 3.5 \text{ N/mm}^2$



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Daily Class - 8:00 PM

Q: 22) If f is the focal length, i is the stadia hair interval and d is the distance between the optical centre of the object lens, the multiplying constant is

A: f/i

B:f+d

C:(f/i)+d

D:f+id



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Daily Class - 8:00 PM

Q:23) In a tacheometry, if intercept taken on a vertically held staff is inclined at q to horizontal, the horizontal distance is

A: ks + c

 \mathbf{B} : ks cos q + c cos q

C: ks cos 2q + c cos q

D: ks sin 2q + c sin q



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Daily Class - 8:00 PM

Q:24) In external focusing telescope with an anallatic lens, for tacheometric survey, the additive constant is

A:zero

B: 0.1 m

C: 0.3 m

D: 0.5 m



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Daily Class – 8:00 PM

Q:25) In a sag curve, a minimum of stoppage distance is determined with assumptions of headlight _____ and beam titled at an upward angle of ____.

A: 1.0 m and 2°

B: 0.75 m and 2°

C: 1.0 m and 1°

D: 0.75 m and 1°



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Daily Class - 8:00 PM

Q:26) Match List-I with List-II and select the correct answer using the codes given below the Lists:

List-I (Types of benchmarks)	List-II (Fixed by)
A.GTS benchmark	1.A survey team at the end of day work
B.Permanent benchmark	2. The Survey of India
C.Arbitrary benchmark	3.State PWD
II).lemporary benchmark	4.A survey team in the beginning of a
	project

Codes:

A: A-3,B-2,C-4,D-1

B: A-3,B-2,C-1,D-4

C: A-2,B-3,C-1,D-4

D: A-2,B-3,C-4,D-1



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Daily Class - 8:00 PM

Q:28) Spire test is to check which of the following permanent adjustments of theodolite?

A: Plate level axis is perpendicular to vertical axis

B: Horizontal axis is perpendicular to vertical axis

C: The line of sight coincides with the optical axis of the telescope

D: The axis of altitude is parallel to the line of sight



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Daily Class – 8:00 PM

Q:29) A theodolite is considered to be in proper condition, if

A: the axis of the plate is perpendicular to the vertical axis

B: the trunnion axis is perpendicular to the vertical axis

C: the axis of the altitude level is parallel to the line of collimation

D: All of the above



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Daily Class - 8:00 PM

Q:30) Pick up the correct feature of accidental error in surveying.

A: Positive and negative errors will occur with equal frequency

B: Small errors occur more frequently

C: Large errors occur

D: All of the above



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Daily Class – 8:00 PM

Q:31) The reading taken from and instrument station on a bench-mark of 100.00 RL is 1.2 and the reading taken on next station is 1.70. Then RL of next station is

A: 98.8 m

B: 98.30 m

C: 99.50 m

D: 100.50 m



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Daily Class - 8:00 PM

Q:32) An imaginary line joining the point of intersection of the crosshairs of the diaphragm and the optical centre of the object glass is known as

A: axis of telescope

B: axis of level tube

C: line of colllimation

D: horizontal axis



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Daily Class - 8:00 PM

Q:33) The minor instrument used not only to take horizontal sights but also inclined sights are known as

A: clinometer

B: sextant

C: pantograph

D: planimeter



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Daily Class - 8:00 PM

Q:34) Which one is not the effect of the presence of iron oxide in water?

A: Causes red colour

B: Increases corrosiveness

C: Increases hardness

D: Causes toxic effect



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Daily Class – 8:00 PM

Q:35) Colour of water is expressed in number of a

A: Ph value

B: silica scale

C: platinum-cobalt scale

D: None of the above



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Daily Class - 8:00 PM

Q:36) The maximum permissible total solid content in water for domestic purposes should not exceed

A: 400 p.p.m.

B: 500 p.p.m.

C: 600 p.p.m.

D: 800 p.p.m.



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Daily Class – 8:00 PM

List-I (Type of impurity)	List-II (Process used for	
	removal)	
A.Bulky floating and	1.Floatation tanks	
suspended matter		
B.Oil and grease	2. Racks and screens	
C.Suspended solids	3.Biological growth (slimes)	
D.Colloidal and dissolved	4.Chemical flocculation	
organic matter		

Q:37) Match List-I with List-II and select the correct answer using the codes given below the Lists:

Codes:

A: A-1,B-2,C-3,D-4

B: A-1,B-2,C-4,D-3

C: A-2,B-3,C-1,D-4

D: A-2,B-1,C-4,D-3



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Daily Class - 8:00 PM

Q:38) To serve as mains laid on bridges, ideally suited pipes are

A: cast iron pipes

B: wrought iron pipes

C: steel pipes

D: cement concrete pipes



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Daily Class - 8:00 PM

Q:39) Which one of the following is not a formula to find head loss due to friction in flow through pipes?

A: Darcy-Weisbach formula

B: Hazen-Williams formula

C: Lea formula

D: Manning's formula



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Daily Class - 8:00 PM

Q:40) Drain values/scour valves in a water distribution system are provided at

A: high-end points

B: low-end points

C: regular intervals in a pipeline

D: All of the above



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Daily Class - 8:00 PM

Q:41) The dose of copper sulphate in water treatment varies from

A: 0.3 p.p.m. to 0.6 p.p.m.

B: 1 p.p.m. to 1.5 p.p.m.

C: 2 p.p.m. to 2.5 p.p.m.

D: 3 p.p.m. to 3.0 p.p.m.



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Daily Class - 8:00 PM

Q:42) A fluoride concentration of ______in water is beneficial for the prevention of dental caries in children.

A: 0.1 p.p.m. to 0.6 p.p.m.

B: 0.7 p.p.m. to 1.2 p.p.m.

C: 1.4 p.p.m. to 2.0 p.p.m.

D: 2.5 p.p.m. to 3.0 p.p.m.



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Daily Class - 8:00 PM

Q:43) The most commonly used sewer under culvert is

A: circular sewar

B: semi-shaped sewar

C: egg-shaped sewar

D: horseshoe-type sewar



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Daily Class - 8:00 PM

Q:44) The disinfection efficiency of chlorine in water treatment

A: is not dependent on pH value

B: is increased by increased pH value

C: remains constant at all pH value

D: is reduced by increased pH value



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Daily Class - 8:00 PM

List-I		List-II
A.Suspended solids concentration		1.BOD
B.Metabolism of biodegradable organics		2.MPN
C.Bacterial concentration	Q:45)	3.Jar
D.CoaguaInt dose		4.Turbidity

Codes:

A: A-2,B-1C-4,D-3

B: A-4,B-1,C-2,D-3

C: A-2,B-4,C-1,D-3

D: A-4,B-2,C-1,D-3



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Daily Class – 8:00 PM

Q:46) The potable water is prepared from turbid surfaces water by adopting which of the following treatment sequences?

A: Turbid surface water, coagulation, flocculation, sedimentation, filteation, disinfection, storage and supply

B: Turbid surface water, disinfection, flocculation, sedimentation, filteation, coagulation, storage and supply

C: Trubid surface water, filteation, sedimentation, disinfection, flocculation, coagulation, storage and supply

D: Turbid surface water, sedimentation, flocculation, coagulation, disinfection, filteation, storage and supply



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Daily Class - 8:00 PM

List-I	Q:47)
A.Thickening sludge by chemical oxidation	1.Decrease in volume
B.Stabilization of sludge by heat or chemical treatment	2.Separation of water
C.Conditioning of sludge	3.Digestion of sludge
D.Reduction of sludge by floatation or gravity	4.Separation of water

A: A-4,B-3C-1,D-2

B: A-3,B-2,C-4,D-1

C: A-4,B-3,C-2,D-1

D: A-2,B-1,C-3,D-4



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Q:48) The BOD removal efficiency in percentage, during primary treatment, under normal conditions is about

A: 0.65

B: 0.85

C: 0.3

D:zero



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Daily Class - 8:00 PM

Q:49) Bulking sludge refers to having

A : f/m < 0.3/d

B: 0.3/d < f/m < 0.6/d

C: f/m = zero

D: f/m > 0.6/d



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Daily Class - 8:00 PM

Q:50) SO² and CO adversely affect

A: oxygen carrying capacity of blood and functioning of lungs respectively

B: functioning of the respiratory system and brain respectively

C: functioning of the respiratory system and oxygen carrying capacity of blood respectively

D: functioning of air passages and chest respectively

Heartiest Congratulations To All Selected Candidates From EverExam

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